App. F. IX—4

Previous References.

Archy 7-55-2

Later References.

1956.
(Archy)

File No. 13-56
Serial Nos. 1, 2.

P-192 E

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos. Two only

Part B for Octo 56.

SUBJECT

State Administration Report 1955-56 Deptt. of Archaeology

WD 05150—GPB—35,000—24-8-56

G.O. No. C&D 4982 Dated 27-X-56

The Dir Archy

Recorded

B. M. Jaya Ram
27-X-56

C.F. 74]

State Administration Report
Deptt. of Archaeology

Routine Note.

3041 to 3677

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

WD 03740—GPB—50,000—1-3-56

Reding 7-55.V

2) Draft sent for approval

21-8

2/8

3) Secy

24/8/56.

Memo No. CTD 3318/Archy., dtd 8/56

To

The Dir of Archaeology,
Mysore.

Request to send the Report immediately.

SubAV

24-8

Letter No. 234 dtd 5.9.56 from the Dir Archy furnishing in triplicate the Admn. Report pertaining to Archy. Section for the year ending 31-3-1956.

Submd.

9) This may be sent to the P.I.O with reference to paras 1 to 3.

12.9

For taking a copy of the report & returning the file, pl.

A.R. Secy) 13/9

One copy of the report is taken and the file returned

13/9/56

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

C. F. 74]

Routine Note.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

State Administration Report, 1955-56

1) Matter relating to the Administration Reports of the under mentioned departments for incorporation in the State Administration Report for 1955-56, has not yet been received.

Administration Report Section
General and Revenue Secretariat
Old Public Offices, Bangalore

2) It is requested that the same may kindly be sent immediately, as the State Administration Report has to be issued by the middle of September 1956.

PRINCIPAL INFORMATION OFFICER TO GOVT.,

Secretary
Home, Agri & Ft. Dept.,

18th June 1956

3) Archaeology

4) Mysore

5) This may be sent to the C+D branch where Subjects pertaining to "Archaeology" are being dealt with. Adm^n Report pertaining to Police Dept for 1955-56 has already been sent to the Informⁿ Officer.

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

State Administration Report - 1955-56
Archaeology Deptt 3677
CSR

7) Submitted with a draft review
Memo
17.9

8) For approval
Home Secy
29/9/56.

6229
HFA

9) May be submitted to —
Minister for Law for kind approval.
Home Secy
9/10.
10/10.

10) For perusal before issue
Minister for Laws
I.S.O
15/10/56.

SEC. N 6302
10 OCT 1956
HOME, FOREST & ...

Office of the Minister for Law & Education.
No. 5994
Date 10-10-56

Ack
18/10

Issued G.O. No CSD 4982/Archy B-56-2 dt 27/9/56
TO
The Director of Archaeology,
Mysore.

Recorded

10

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Mysore Government Secretariat,

No. 3318

Dated, Bangalore, 24.8.1956

FROM

The *Secretary to the Government of Mysore,*
[redacted]

To

The Director of Archaeology in Mysore,
Mysore.

Sir,

Subject:- State Administration Report 1955-56.

I am directed to state that matter relating to your Department for incorporation in the State Annual Administrative Report for the year 1955-56, which was due on 18-6-1956, has not been received so far. As the Report has to be issued by the middle of September 1956, I am to request that matter relating to your Department may be kindly sent immediately.

Yours faithfully,

o/c

(B. Lakshmana Rao),
for Secretary to Government,
Home, Forest & Agriculture Departments.

ks/

Appendix F. G.—11]

SUBJECT..... State Administration Report: 1955-56 .....

.....

.....

Diary No. of letter replied to .....

Mysore Government Secretariat.

( )

the *195*

Date of issue..... 24/8/56 .....

Signed by.....

I am directed to state that matter relating to your Dept for incorporation in the State Annual Administration Report for the year 1955-56, which they were to send on 12-6-56, has not been received so far. As the Report has to be issued by the middle of Sept 1956, I am to request that matter relating to your Dept may be kindly sent immediately.

List of enclosures .....

Copied by.....

Examined by .....

Top priority

Section

File No.

Serial No.

No. 3319

To

The Dir of Archy
in Mysore.

Sir

~~With reference to the above subject I am directed to request you to please send immediately the P.I.O to Govt. matter relating to the~~ for State Administration Report ~~of the Deptt of Archaeology~~, under intimation to this office, for being incorporated in the State Admn Report which has to be issued by the middle of September 1956.

yr. f

for Secy to Govt
H. T. A

WD 03736-GPB—P.Z.S.— 50,000—1-3-56

C. F. No. 46]

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

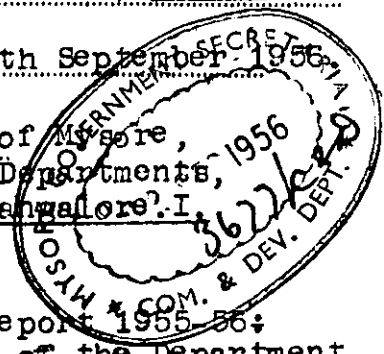
No. 234
Encls. one Administration Report in triplicate

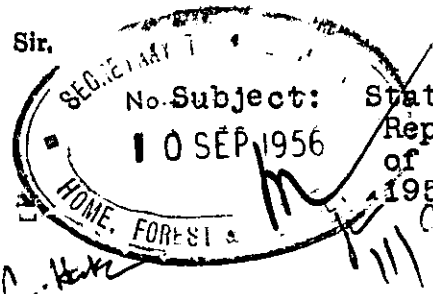
OFFICE OF The Director of Archaeology in Mysore, Mysore.

Date 5th September 1956.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Home, Forest and Agriculture Departments,
Atara Kacheri, Bangalore-1.





Sir,

No. Subject: State Administration Report 1955-56: Report on the working of the Department of Archaeology, Mysore, for the year 1955-56. Archae. 13-56-1

With reference to letter No.C.&.D.3318/Archy. dated 24th August 1956 on the above subject, I am forwarding herewith, in triplicate, the report on the working of the Department of Archaeology, Mysore, for the year ending 31st March 1956.

Yours faithfully,

D Seshadri

(M. Seshadri)
Director of Archaeology

RKN.

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY, MYSORE, FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

I. PERSONNEL.

Sri K.A.Nilakanta Sastri, M.A., Professor of Indology, continued to be Ex-Officio Director of Archaeology and Dr.M.Seshadri, M.A., Ph.D.(Lond), Assistant Professor of Indology, as part-time Assistant Director of Archaeology during the year. Sri K.Narayana Iyengar, M.A., Acting Assistant to the Director was on furlough for eight months and on leave without allowance for the rest of the period. During his absence on leave Sri M.Hanumantha Rao, M.A., continued to be in charge of the Office of the Assistant to the Director. Sri C.Kuppachari, was appointed in the vacancy of Draftsman with effect from 8-6-1955, in accordance with the rules of recruitment.

II. CONSERVATION OF ANCIENT MONUMENTS.

A number of protected monuments were inspected by the Assistants in connection with their repairs and conservation needs during the year. Detailed notes of conservation for the several protected monuments and also for the new monuments discovered were drawn up. Among the important monuments thus inspected may be mentioned the Sri Ramadevaru temple at Kudalur, Channapatna taluk, Sri Lakshminarasimha temple at Vighnasante, Tiptur taluk, Sri Divyalingesvara temple at Haradanahalli, Chamarajanagar taluk, and Sri Ranganathasvami temple at Magadi. Since the Ramadeveru temple at Kudalur was in a dangerous state of collapse, the estimates prepared for urgent repairs were scrutinised and returned with countersignature to the concerned authorities subject to certain observations from the archaeological point of view. At Vighnasante, where the garbhagriha tower of the beautiful Narasimha temple had collapsed several years ago, the work of arranging the architectural members lying scattered at the spot has been taken up in order to reconstruct the tower in its original form from the available material. The paintings at Sri Divyalingesvara temple at Haradanahalli, which form some of the early and well worked paintings in the State, are in a bad state of preservation. Unless early steps are

taken to preserve them from further decay by making the leaky roof of the mantapa water-tight, there is every danger of these beautiful paintings being lost for ever. Some of the well preserved paintings have been photographed for record. The construction of the mahadvara tower of the Sri Ranganathasvami temple at Magadi is complete. The work has been executed mostly keeping in view the style of the original tower that stood on the mahadvara.

Some of the new monuments discovered during the year require immediate attention in respect of conservation in view of their architectural beauty and also of their bad state of preservation. Examples are the Siddhesvara temple at Belagutti, Honnali taluk and the Sri Narasimha temple at Narasipur, Belur taluk. The Siddhesvara temple at Belagutti which is a typically late Chalukya monument built by the Sindas is in an advanced state of decay. A thick vegetation has grown on the monument, dislodging the architectural members of the towers and walls and developing cracks in the roof at several places. One of the towers has collapsed completely leaving the garbhagriha open to the sky. In view of its architectural importance, the monument has to be brought under protection under Class II of the Ancient Monuments in the State List and immediate steps must be taken to prevent further decay. The Sri Narasimha temple on the other hand, built during the reign of the Hoysala king Narasimha I unfortunately has portions which are in a dilapidated condition, especially the goddess shrine the roof of which has completely collapsed.

III. EXPLORATION.

As a result of the enthusiastic and zealous search for the new monuments in the State by the Director and his Assistants, it has been possible for the Department to discover as many as fifteen monuments not hitherto noticed in the different parts of the State. Some of them are of high architectural value, deserving special notice. They may be briefly noted here.

1. Sri Lakshminarasimha temple at Arakere in the Arsikere taluk, is a trikutachala monument of about the 13th century A.D. built in the Hoysala style of architecture, with a row of figure sculptures on the outer wall; beautiful Venugopala, Lakshminarasimha

and Kesava images in the three shrines (cells), and well worked ceilings.

2. Sri Narasimha temple at Narasipura in the Belur taluk, is another monument in the Hoysala style and is of large dimensions. This monument was built during the reign of the Hoysala king Narasimha I and dedicated to the god Yoganarasimha. A few of its ceilings, the doorway of the Goddess shrine, as also the main image of Yoganarasimha are some of the best examples of the exuberant carvings typical of Hoysala architecture and sculpture.

3. Sri Bhairava temple on Bhairavanagudda in the Belur taluk, is of an ordinary type with plain walls and plain stepped pyramidal tower on the garbhagrina. But some of the figure sculptures within the temple, viz., the Panchayatana group of images in the navaranga containing the seated Vishnu image in Dhyanasana pose, two Surya images, Kumara on peacock, and Mahisasuramardini in the vigorous attitude of killing the demon Mahisasura, and the main image of standing Bhairava have all been exquisitely carved in the Hoysala style.

4. Sri Mallinatha and Sri Lakshminarayana temples at Kyathanahalli in the Heggadadevanakote taluk are noteworthy monuments discovered in the Mysore District. The Mallinatha temple which goes back to the early 12th century A.D. has a garbhagrina, a sukhanasi and a navaranga of very small dimensions with all early characteristics, right-angled pilasters on the outer walls, stepped pyramidal tower with a stone kalasa above, and slender and short double vase type pillars in the navaranga. The Lakshminarayana temple which was built a generation later, on the other hand, appears to have been rebuilt at a very late period.

At Byadamalalu in the Chamarajanagar taluk were also discovered a few stray figure sculptures lying in a heap on a mound, among which is a rare figure of Ravana standing with all his ten heads and twenty hands in the marching attitude. The figure is about 3 feet high and is worth preserving in a museum.

5. The most important of the monuments discovered during the year comes from a village named Ballesvara in the Honnali taluk.

The Ballesvara temple which has given its name to the village is a trikutachala with three garbhagrihas, three sukhanasis and a common navaranga which is open in the front and a porch. The lathe-turned and star-shaped pillars in the navaranga, the beautifully worked ceilings and the elaborately carved doorways are all typically Hoysala. The monument deserves to be included in the list of protected Ancient Monuments of the State under Class II.

6. Next in importance are the two monuments discovered at Belagutti in the same taluk. One is the Siddhesvara temple, and the other that of Chennakesava. The Siddhesvara temple is a trikutachala with a high stepped pyramidal tower on each garbhagriha, the steps having upward dentil mouldings at close intervals. The outer walls which are plain have a large horizontal band in the centre with a row of flowers. A beautiful Umamahesvara group adorns a niche in the navaranga. The ceilings, the pillars and the beams have all been elegantly worked. Besides these, there are a number of viragals (hero-stones) and inscriptions standing all round the monument giving us the history of the Sindas who rules those parts in the 11th and 12th centuries A.D. This monument appears to have been built in the 11th century A.D. by the Sinda rulers. The Chennakesava temple at the same place is also of the same type and period though not of high architectural value.

Other monuments noticed during the year are the Tirtha-Rameswara temple near Belagutti, the Siddhesvara temple at Kammaraghatta, Honnali taluk, the Visvanatha temple at Bilijagalimole in Malavalli taluk, etc.

A good number of megaliths were discovered in several places in the State during the year. Some of the important groups were found at Narasamangala, and Arakalavadi in the Chamarajanagar taluk, Chinnasandra and Konganahalli in the Chintamani taluk, Jadigenahalli and Kondarajapalli near Kolar. These megaliths were studied in detail and photographed. Arrangements will be made to include these sites along with the others already noted in the list of protected sites as per G.O.No.E.3077-87/Archy.10-48-4 dated 23rd May 1950.

The outstanding discovery however, is a new site of early

man who lived in Mysore 30 to 40 thousand years ago, situated near the Banasandra hill range. Stone tools and implements which he used were picked up and brought to the office for study. A detailed survey of this important site will have to be made in future. A sketch map of the site has been prepared, comprising the various small stream courses where these tools are to be found in abundance and sent to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, for making arrangements to preserve the site.

A large map incorporating the location of all the megalithic sites so far discovered has been prepared.

IV. EPIGRAPHY.

The Department has collected about thirty inscriptions during the year including four copper plate records. These inscriptions belong to the different dynasties like the Kadambas, Gangas, Rashtrakutas, Hoysalas, Vijayanagar rulers and Nayaks ranging in date from about 400 A.D. to about the 17th century A.D.

Among the copper plate records is a set of three plates belonging to the reign of Mrigesavarma, the early Kadamba ruler. It comes from Kumsi in the Shimoga District. The other three sets were discovered in the village of Chikkasarangi in the Tumkur District. Two of these sets containing five plates each, belong to the reign of the Ganga king Sripurusha who ruled parts of Mysore during the 8th century A.D. while the other which has seven plates belongs to the reign of the Rashtrakuta king Govinda III, also of the latter half of the eighth century A.D. These records throw valuable light on the history of the Kadambas, Gangas and the Rashtrakutas. The above mentioned three sets have been acquired for the Office Museum. A detailed study of these records is being made.

As regards the discovery of lithic records, mention may be made of an inscribed slab which had been built into the Dorasamudra tank bund at Halebid. It records the erection of a Mallikarjuna temple (which no longer exists) during the reign of Vira Ballala II, a Hoysala king, by Mahadevanna and Buchiahoppisetti, the officers under the king. Three other lithic records discovered at

Sravanabelgola, Huliyar and Nittur respectively are of great importance in view of the fact that they helped in determining the date of the monuments near which they were found viz., the Chennannabasadi at Sravanabelgola, the Siddhesvara temple at Huliyar and the Parsvanatha Basti at Nittur.

V. NUMISMATICS.

A small hoard of ten gold coins and a gold lump discovered near Thippur in the Maddur taluk were sent by the Deputy Commissioner, Mandya District, for study. The coins appear to be the issues of Kantirava Narasaraja Wadiyar, the Mysore king.

VI. PUBLICATIONS.

The Epigraphia Carnatica Volume XVI -- Tumkur Supplement, containing the collection of inscriptions made during the years 1906 to 1922 in the Tumkur District has been completed and printed, the advance copies of which have been submitted to Government. The printing of the Epigraphia Carnatica - Kolar Supplement has made good progress. Nearly 70 pages of the text have already been printed. Since several guide books to places of historical and architectural importance have become out of stock, the reprinting of these guide books have been taken up. The material for the earlier reports (for the years 1947 to 1955) is under compilation. It is proposed to bring out a consolidated report for these years.

About 8 drawings and maps have been prepared and about 150 photographs have been taken.

VII. MUSEUMS.

A few sculptures like the seated image of a Jain Tirthankara with an inscription on its pedestal and a figure of Ravana, a rare image, some bronzes such as the standing Tirthankara images and the Somaskanda group, Chandrasekharamurti Ardhanarisvara, etc. and three sets of copper-plate records have been acquired for the Office Museum during the year. The Local Antiquities Museum, Chitaldrug, has also augmented its collection of antiquities.

VIII. EXHIBITION.

The Department participated in the Kannada Sahitya Sammelana Exhibition held at Mysore during May 1955 and at Raichur during December 1955. A representative collection of photographs

of sculptures, monuments, etc., in the Mysore State as also some original copper plate records, and estampages of lithic records bearing on the history of Karnataka were displayed. The exhibition attracted a good number of visitors and won appreciation from the distinguished scholars. The Department had also sent a representative collection of photographs of the Muslim monuments in the State to the Historical, Cultural, Scientific and Tibbi Exhibition held under the auspices of the Islamia Arabic College, Kurnool, during the last week of December 1955.

IX. LIBRARY.

About 68 new books and 20 periodicals were acquired by the Department for purposes of reference and study.

X. FINANCE.

The receipts and expenditure of the Department amounted to Rs.27,204-15-8 and Rs.27,204-15-8 respectively during the year. A sum of Rs.2,111-10-0 was realised by the sale of the departmental publications and photographs, as also the quota of contributions received from the Local Bodies towards the expenditure incurred in connection with the Local Antiquities Museum, Chitaldrug.

XI. GENERAL.

The Director and the Assistant Director participated in the Oriental Conference held at Annamalainagar during the month of December 1955. The Assistant Director read a paper on 'New light on Megalithic Dating', in the Archaeology Section of the Conference.

The members of the staff spared no pains in getting through the work of the Department efficiently during the year.

M. Seshadri 59

RKN.4

(M. SESHADRI)
DIRECTOR OF ARCHAEOLOGY.

G. R. S. App. F VI—G.2]

SUBJECT.....

.....

.....

23/10/56

Diary No. of letter replied to .....

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *195*

Date of issue..... 195

Signed by ....

May this be—

(i) printed?
(ii) treated as a standing order?
(iii) published in the Gazette, English Part?
(iv) translated?
(v) placed at the disposal of the Press?
(vi) published in the Gazette, Kannada Part?

Section Archæ
Serial No. 2
File No. 13-56

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Read— Correspondence ending with letter No. 234 dt 5-9-56 from the Dir. of Archaeology Mysore forwarding the Administration ~~Order thereon.—No.~~ Report on the working of the Department of Archaeology Mysore for the year ending 31st March 1956 (1955-56)

Order No 4982 dt 27/11/56

Recorded

2. During the year 1955-56 Sri K. A. Nilakanta Sastry

Professor of Indology

continued to be

Ex-officio Director of

Archaeology & Dr. M.

Seshadri M.A., Ph.D (Lond)

Asst. professor of Indology

as part-time Asst. Dir. of

Archaeology during the year.

As usual tours of inspection

were undertaken by the Director

& his Assistants throughout-

the State, in connection with

the repairs & conservation needs of

protected monuments. Proposals for conservation

were also drawn up for the

new monuments discovered.

The estimates for urgent repairs

to the Ramadevam temple at Kudalur

were scrutinized & returned to the

Concerned authorities for needful action

List of Enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

WD 01406—GPB—12,000 —23-10-52

M. G. S. App. F. G. 3.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT
SECRETARIAT

(Continuation sheet draft form).

The re-construction work of the beautiful Narasimha temple at Vighnasanté in its original form was taken up & the construction of the Mahadwara tower of Sri Ranganathaswamy temple at Magadi was completed. Some of the well preserved paintings at Sri Divyalingeswara temple at Haradana halli were photographed for record. The Deptt discovered fifteen monuments of high architectural value some of them deserving special notice such as the Sri Lakshminarasimha temple at Arakere & Sri Narasimha temple

WD 03546—GPB—10,000 —14-8-53

at Narasipura in Belur Tk typical of Hoysala architecture & sculpture. Sri Mallinatha & Sri Lakshminarayana temples at Kyathanamahalli in Heggadadevankote Tk are noteworthy monuments discovered in the mysore dt. The Balleswara temple discovered in the Hosmali Tk with its lathe turned & star shaped pillars, the beautifully worked ceilings & the elaborately carved doorways is typically Hoysala other monuments were noticed in Malavalli Tk & a good number of megaliths were discovered in several places in the State. They were studied in detail & photographed. A new site of early man who lived in mysore 30 to 40 thousand years ago was discovered near Bamasandra hill Range A large map incorporating the location of all the megalithic sites so far discovered was prepared during the year.

M. G. S. App. F. G. 3.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT

SECRETARIAT

(Continuation sheet draft form).

The Department collected about 30 inscriptions including four copper plate records which throw light on the history of Kadambas of Gangas & the Rashtrakutas. Some Lithic records and ~~were also discovered~~ Few gold coins issued by Sri Kantirava Narasaraja Wadiyar of mysore were also discovered.

The deptt published the Epigraphia Carnatica Vol XVI — Tumkur Supplement and also participated in the Kannada Sahitya Sammelana Exhibition held at mysore during May 1955 & at Raichur during Dec 1955 & displayed photographs of some of the world famous

WD 03546—GPB—40,000 —14-8-53

monuments of the State &
some of the original Copper plate records.
It also sent an representative
collection of photographs of
the Muslim monuments
in the State to the Historical,
cultural, Scientific & Tibbi
exhibition held under the auspices of the
Islamia Arabic college, Kurnool during
the last week of Dec 1955.

The Dir & the Asst Dir participated
in the Oriental Conference held at
Annamalainagar during Dec 1955

The working of the Deptt.
during the year was satisfactory. continued to be

Jr

for Secy H.J.A Depts.
NA

To The Dir Archy

" ~~Dir printing & Stationery &~~
Publications

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

Read:--

Correspondence ending with letter No.234, dated 5th September 1956, from the Director of Archaeology, Mysore, forwarding the Administration Report on the working of the Department of Archaeology, Mysore, for the year ending 31st March 1956(1955-56).

ORDER NO.C&D 4982 f Archy 13-56-2 DATED

BANGALORE, THE, 27th OCTOBER 1956.

R e c o r d e d

2.During the year 1955-56 Sri.K.A.Nilakanta Sastry, M.A., Professor of Indology, continued to be Ex-officio Director of Archaeology and Dr.M. Seshadri, M.A.,Ph.D.(Lond), Assistant Professor of Indology, as part-time Assistant Director of Archaeology during the year. As usual tours of inspection were undertaken by the Director and his Assistants throughout the State in connection with the repairs and conservation needs of protected monuments.

The re-construction work of the beautiful Narasimha Temple at Vighnasante in its original form was taken up and the construction of the Mahadvara tower of Sri. Ranganathaswamy Temple at Magadi was completed. Some of the well preserved paintings at Sri. Divyalingesvara Temple at Haradanahalli were photographed for record. The Department discovered fifteen monuments of high architectural value some of them deserving special notice such as the Sri. Lakshminarasimha Temple at Arakere and Sri. Narasimha Temple at Narasipur in Belur Taluk typical of Hoysala architecture and sculpture. Sri. Mallinatha and Sri. Lakshminarayna Temples at Kyathenahalli in Heggadadevankote Taluk are noteworthy monuments discovered in the Mysore District. The Ballesvara Temple discovered in the Honnali Taluk with its lathe turned and star shaped pillars, the beautifully worked ceilings and the elaborately curved doorways is typically Hoysala. Other monuments were noticed in Malavalli Taluk and a good number of megaliths were discovered in several places in the State. They were studied in detail and photographed. A new site of early man who lived in Mysore 30 to 40 thousand years ago was discovered near Banasandra hill range. A large map incorporating the location of all the megalithic sites so far discovered was prepared during the year.

The Department collected about 30 inscriptions including four copper plate records which throw light on the history of Kadambas, Gangas and the Rashtrakutas etc. Some Lithic records and two gold coins issued by Sri.Kantirava Narasaraja Wadiyar of Mysore were also discovered.

The Department published the Epigraphia Carnatica Vol.XVI-Tumkur Supplement and also participated in the Kannada Sahitya Sammelan Exhibition held at Mysore during May 1955 and at Raichur during December 1955 and displayed photographs ofsome of the world famous monuments of the State and some of the original copper plate records. It also sent a representative collection of photographs of the Muslim monuments in the State to the Historical, Cultural, Scientific and Tibbi Exhibition held under the auspices of the Islamia Arabic College, Kurnool, during the last week of December 1955.

The Director and the Assistant Director participated in the Oriental Conference held at Annamalainagar during December 1955.

The working of the Department during the year continued to be satisfactory.

B. Lakshmana Rao

(B.Lakshmana Rao)
For Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

To--
The Director of Archaeology in Mysore, Mysore.

No. Home, Forest & Agriculture Departments